

# Non Sibi High School

Andover's Chem 550/580: Advanced Chemistry

## Chapter 7, Review Quiz 1 Answers

### 1

Determine the number of protons, neutrons, and electrons in:

- a. a neutral platinum-198 atom
- b.  $^{126}\text{Te}^{2-}$
- c.  $^{54}\text{Cr}^{3+}$

- a. platinum-198 =  $^{198}\text{Pt}$ : Pt = 78 p,  $198 - 78$  p = 120 n, neutral = 78 e<sup>-</sup>
- b. Te = 52 p,  $126 - 52$  p = 74 n,  $52$  p + 2 = 54 e<sup>-</sup>
- c. Cr = 24 p,  $54 - 24$  p = 30 n,  $24$  p - 3 = 21 e<sup>-</sup>

### 2

Write a symbol that includes atomic number, mass number, and charge for the species with 51 protons, 72 neutrons, and 54 electrons.

51 p = Sb, mass number =  $51$  p + 72 n = 123, charge =  $51$  p - 54 e<sup>-</sup> = 3-  
symbol =  $^{123}_{51}\text{Sb}^{3-}$

### 3

Copper has two naturally occurring isotopes, copper-63 and copper-65. Calculate the average atomic mass of copper using the information in the table below:

isotope	mass	% natural abundance
$^{63}\text{Cu}$	62.930	69.12%
$^{65}\text{Cu}$	64.928	30.88%

$$(62.930 \text{ amu})(0.6912) + (64.928 \text{ amu})(0.3088) = 63.55 \text{ amu}$$

## 4

Write the complete electron configuration and specify the number of valence electrons for bismuth.

Bi = 83 e<sup>-</sup> : 1s<sup>2</sup>2s<sup>2</sup>2p<sup>6</sup>3s<sup>2</sup>3p<sup>6</sup>4s<sup>2</sup>3d<sup>10</sup>4p<sup>6</sup>5s<sup>2</sup>4d<sup>10</sup>5p<sup>6</sup>6s<sup>2</sup>4f<sup>14</sup>5d<sup>10</sup>6p<sup>3</sup>, 5 valence electrons

## 5

Write the shorthand noble gas electron configuration and specify the number of valence electrons for zirconium.

Zr = 40 e<sup>-</sup> : [Kr] 5s<sup>2</sup>4d<sup>2</sup>, 2 valence electrons

## 6

Write the shorthand noble gas electron configuration for:

- a. As<sup>3-</sup>
- b. Pb<sup>2+</sup> and Pb<sup>4+</sup>

a. As = 33 e<sup>-</sup> : [Ar] 4s<sup>2</sup>3d<sup>10</sup>4p<sup>3</sup>  
As<sup>3-</sup> = 36 e<sup>-</sup> : [Ar] 4s<sup>2</sup>3d<sup>10</sup>4p<sup>6</sup>

b. Pb = 82 e<sup>-</sup> : [Xe] 6s<sup>2</sup>4f<sup>14</sup>5d<sup>10</sup>6p<sup>2</sup>  
remove two valence 6p electrons, so Pb<sup>2+</sup> = 80 e<sup>-</sup> : [Xe] 6s<sup>2</sup>4f<sup>14</sup>5d<sup>10</sup>  
then remove two valence 6s electrons, so Pb<sup>4+</sup> = 78 e<sup>-</sup> : [Xe] 4f<sup>14</sup>5d<sup>10</sup>

## 7

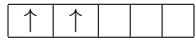
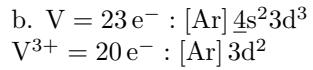
For each of the following, write the orbital diagram, determine the number of unpaired electrons, and state whether the atom or ion is paramagnetic or diamagnetic:

- a. Po
- b. V<sup>3+</sup>

a. Po = 84 e<sup>-</sup> : [Xe] 6s<sup>2</sup>4f<sup>14</sup>5d<sup>10</sup>6p<sup>4</sup>



2 unpaired electrons, paramagnetic



2 unpaired electrons, paramagnetic

## 8

State whether each set of quantum numbers is acceptable or not acceptable.  
For those that are not acceptable, explain why:

- a. (1, 0, 1, +1/2)
  - b. (2, 2, 1, -1/2)
  - c. (3, 1, -1, 0)
  - d. (5, 3, -3, +1/2)
- 
- a. not acceptable,  $m_l = 1$  but should be 0
  - b. not acceptable,  $l = 2$  but should be either 0 or 1 (no 2d orbital)
  - c. not acceptable,  $m_s = 0$  but should be +1/2 or -1/2
  - d. acceptable



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